

Wide Band Low Noise Amplifier 0.7GHz-2.2GHz



Note: Photo is for illustration purposes only.
Please refer to outline drawing.

Product Description

R70M02GSA-28V is a wideband low noise amplifier with a frequency range of 0.7GHz to 2.2GHz.

The power output of this amplifier is 21dBm typical. The typical gain is 23dB with a gain flatness of ± 0.5 dB.

The working temperature of this product is between - 40 °C and + 85 °C.

Features

- Wide Band Low Noise Amplifier
- Gain 23dB Typical
- Output Saturation Power 21dBm Typical
- Supply Voltage +28VDC
- 50 Ohm Matched Input/Output
- Low Noise Figure 1.2dB Typical
- Gain Flatness ± 0.5 dB
- Built in Lightning Protection on DC connection

Typical Applications

- Wireless Infrastructure
- Military and Aerospace Applications
- Test Instrumentation
- Radar Systems
- 5G Wireless Communications
- Microwave Radio Systems
- TR Modules
- Research and Development
- Cellular Base Stations

Electrical Specifications ($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Frequency Range	0.7		1.4	1.4		2.2	GHz
Gain	21	23		20	22		dB
Gain Flatness		± 0.5			± 0.5		dB
Gain Variation Over Temperature (-40°C~+85°C)		± 0.8			± 0.8		dB
Noise Figure		1.2	1.6		1.2	1.6	dB
Input VSWR		1.4	1.6		1.4	1.6	: 1
Output VSWR		1.6	1.8		1.7	2.0	: 1
Output 1dB Compression Point (P1dB)	20	21		20	21		dBm
Saturated Output Power (Psat)		22.5			23		dBm
Output Third Order Intercept (OIP3)		33			33		dBm
Supply Current (Vcc=+28V)		75	100		75	100	mA
Isolation		-25			-25		dB
Weight			0.21 Max.				Ounces
Impedance			50				Ohms
Input / Output Connectors					SMA-Female		
Package					Epoxy Sealed (Standard)		
					Hermetically Sealed (Optional)		

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating
Operating Voltage	+30VDC
*RF Input Power (RFIN)	+16dBm

Bias Up Procedure

1. Connect ground
2. Connect input and output with 50 Ohm source/load. (In band VSWR < 1.9:1 or >10dB return loss.)
3. Connect positive supply and make sure power supply can handle max current.

Bias Down Procedure

1. Turn off power supply and remove positive supply
2. Disconnect input and output with 50 Ohm source/load. (In band VSWR < 1.9:1 or >10dB return loss.)
3. Remove ground

Environmental Specifications and Test Standards

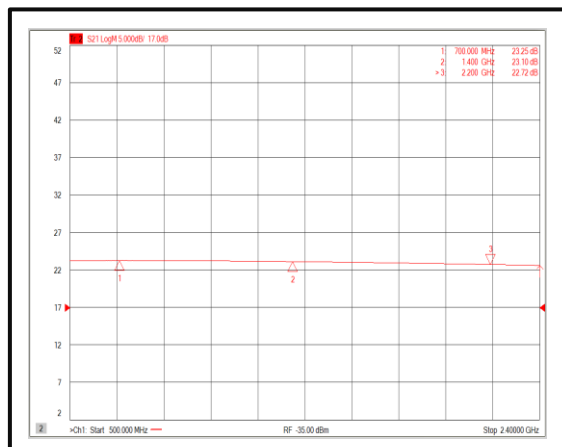
Parameter	Description
Operational Temperature	-40°C to +85°C (Case Temperature)
Storage Temperature	-50°C to +105°C
Thermal Shock	-40°C → +85°C (5 Cycles / 10 hours)
**Random Vibration	MIL-STD-202G Table 214-I, Test Condition Letter C 1.5 Hours Per Axis
High Temperature Burn In	Temperature +85°C for 72 Hours
Shock	1. Weight >20g, 50g half sine wave for 11ms, Speed variation 3.44m/s 2. Weight <=20g, 100g Half sine wave for 6ms, Speed variation 3.75m/s 3. Total 18 times (6 directions, 3 repetitions per direction).
Altitude	Standard: 30,000 Ft (Epoxy Sealed Controlled Environment) Optional: Hermetically Sealed (60,000 ft. 1.0 PSI min)
Hermetically Sealed (Optional)	MIL-STD-883 (For Hermetically Sealed Units)

*Maximum RF input power is set to assure safety of amplifier. Input power may be increased at own risk to achieve full power of amplifier. Please reference gain and power curves.

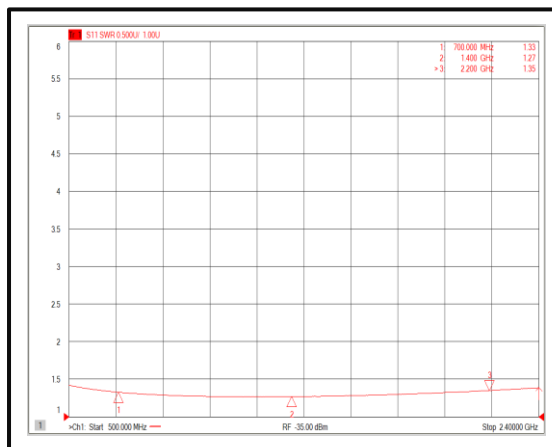
**For vibration testing details please see additional information section.

Typical Performance Plots

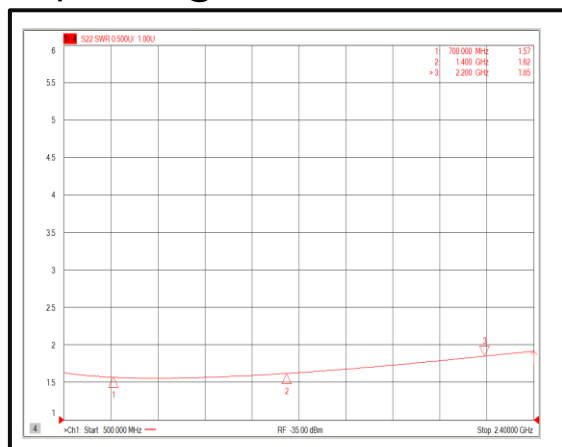
Gain@+25°C



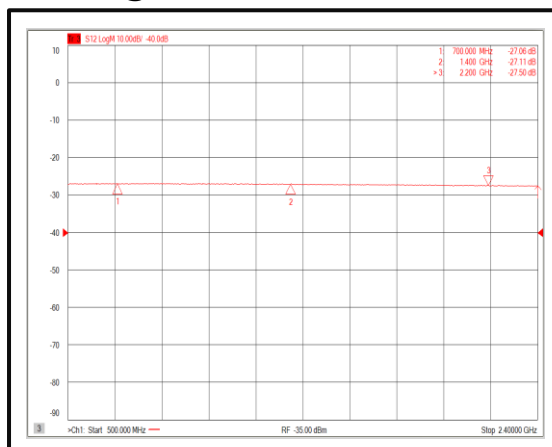
Input VSWR@+25°C



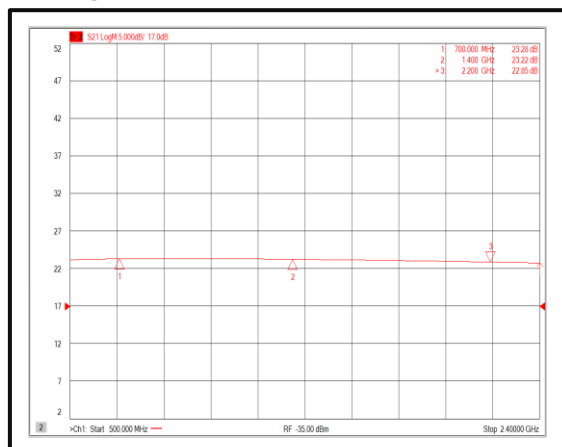
Output VSWR@+25°C



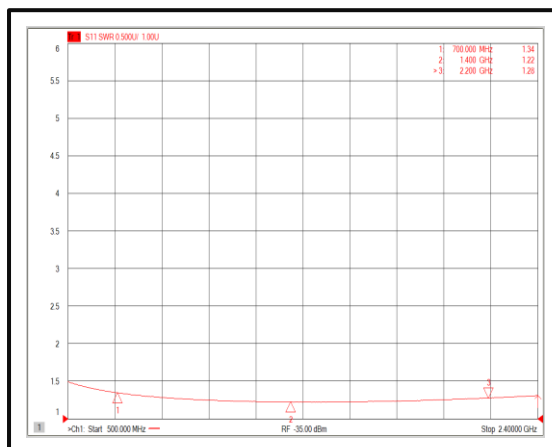
Isolation@+25°C



Gain@-40°C

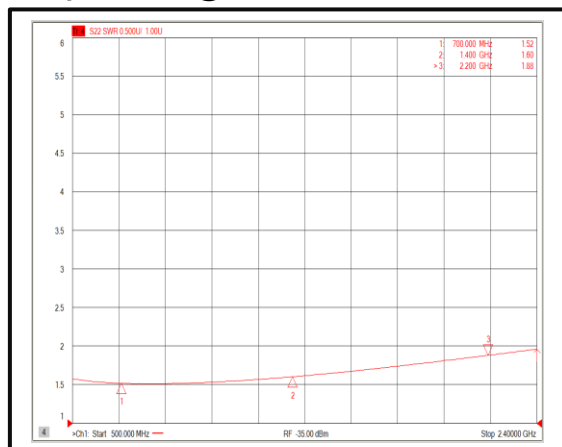


Input VSWR@-40°C

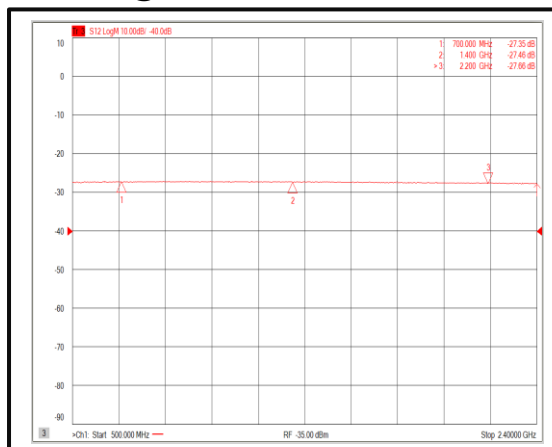


Typical Performance Plots

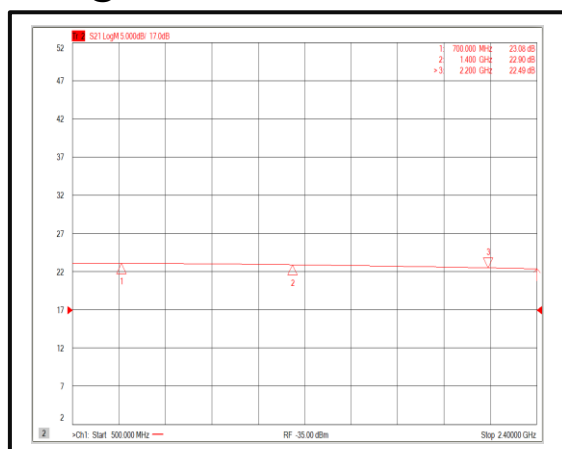
Output VSWR@-40°C



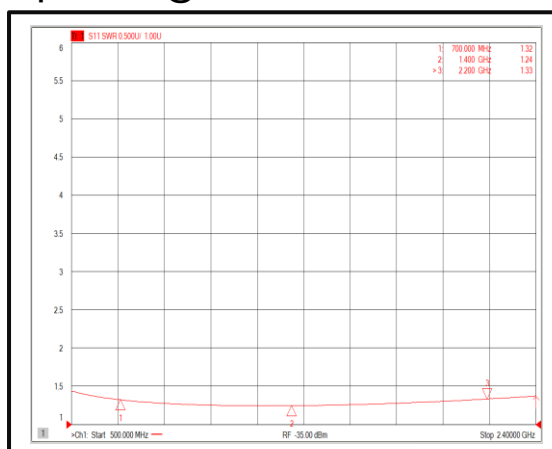
Isolation@-40°C



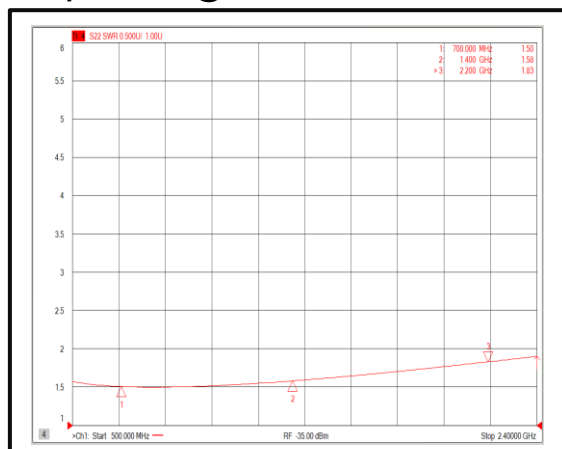
Gain@+85°C



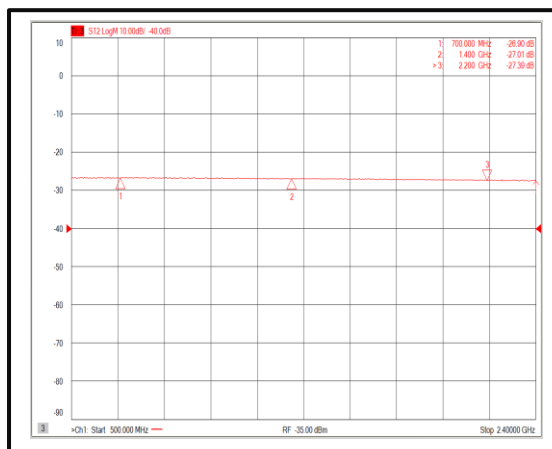
Input VSWR@+85°C



Output VSWR@+85°C

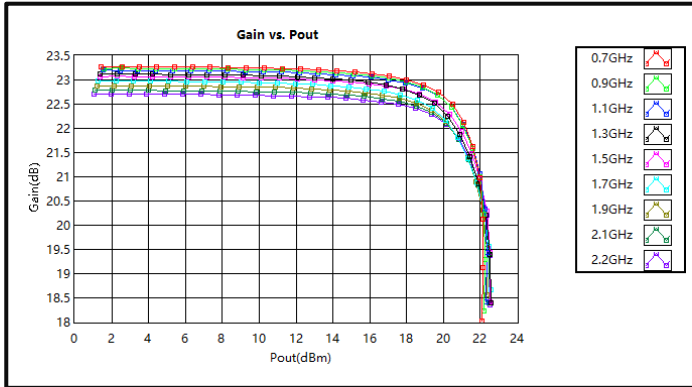


Isolation@+85°C

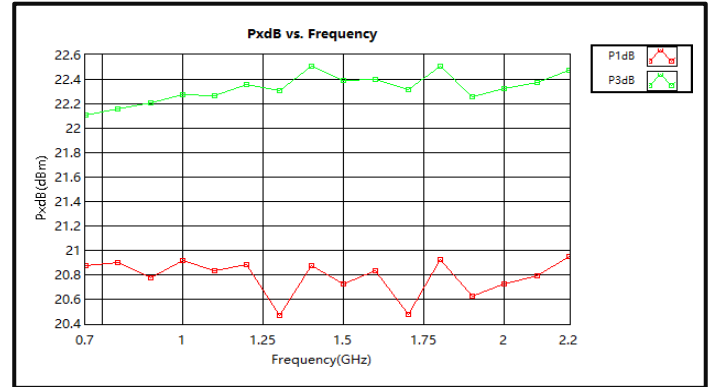


Typical Performance Plots

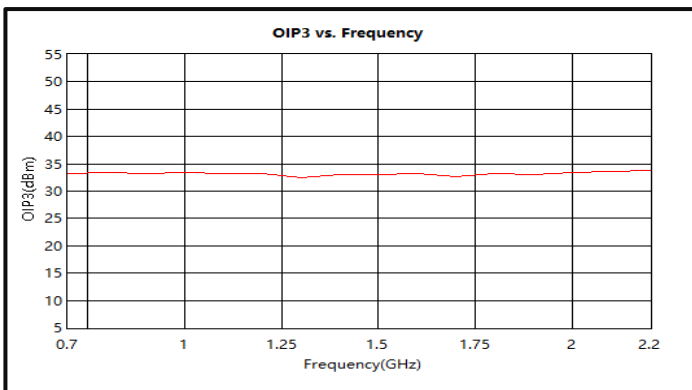
Gain vs. Output Power



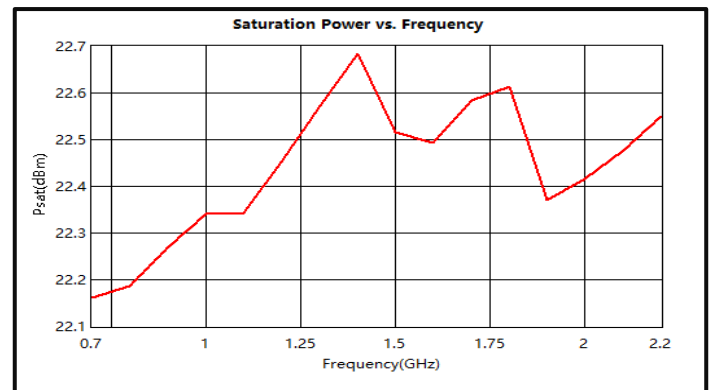
P1dB & P3dB vs. Frequency



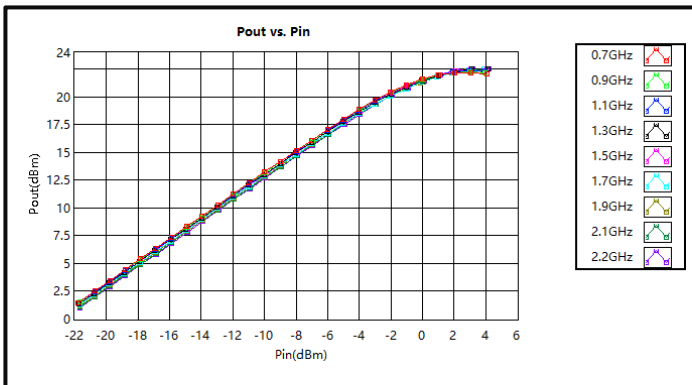
Output Third Order Intercept (OIP3)



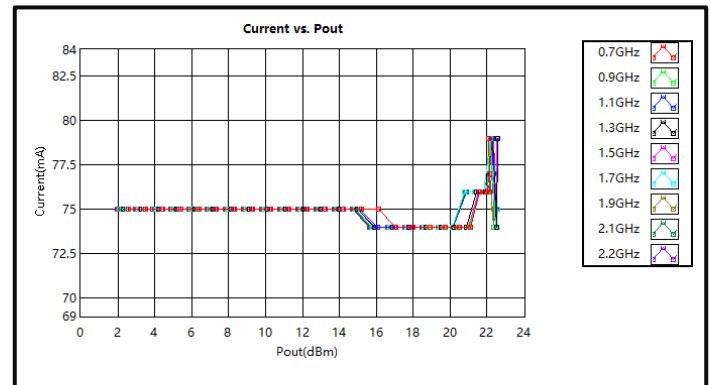
Saturation Power vs. Frequency



Pout vs. Pin

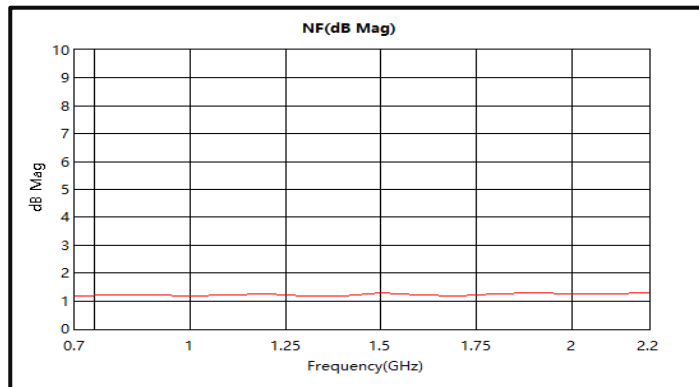


Current vs. Frequency

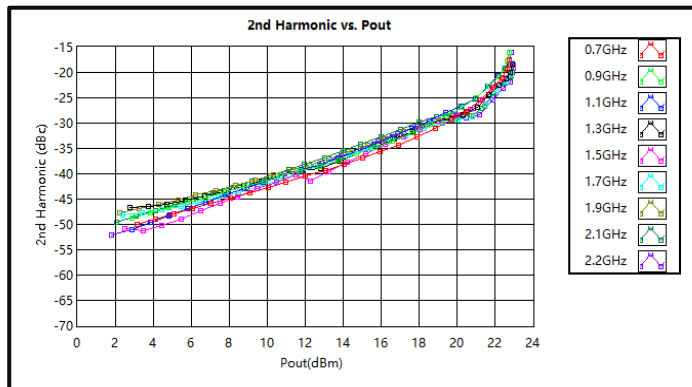


Typical Performance Plots

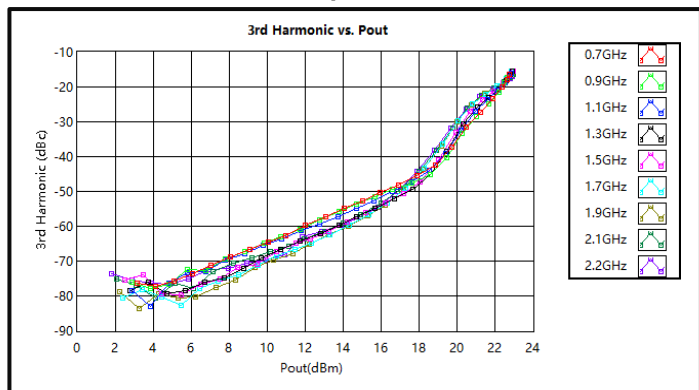
Noise Figure



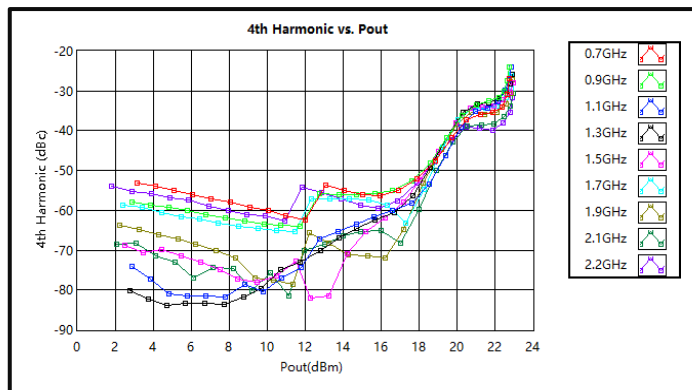
2nd Harmonic Wave Output Power



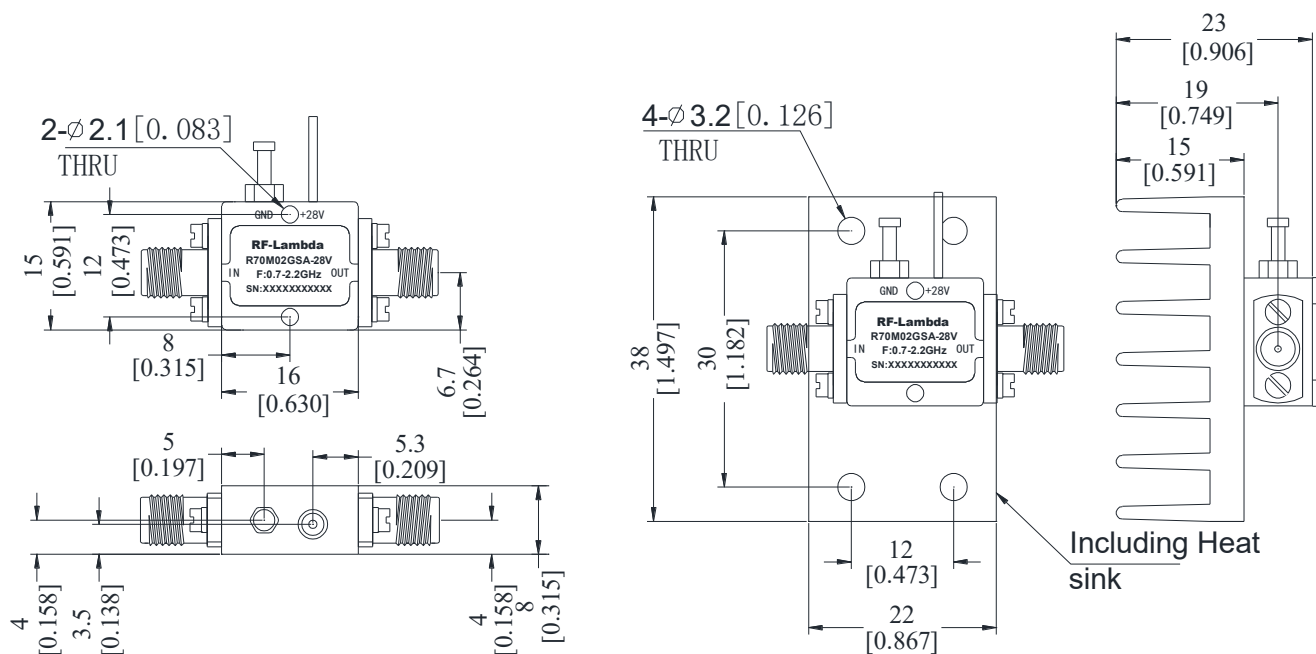
3rd Harmonic Wave Output Power



4th Harmonic Wave Output Power

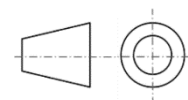


Outline Drawing



Notes:

1. Package Material: Aluminum
2. Finish: Gold Plated
3. All dimensions are in millimeters [inches].
4. Housing Tolerances ± 0.1 [0.004] unless otherwise specified(Excl Heat Sink).
5. Heat sink required during operation (sold separately). Matching heatsink is listed on our website. If customer would like to use their own cooling method, please make sure the amplifier will operate under the specs that listed in page 2 of this datasheet.
6. Standard torque wrench must be used to secure RF connectors.



Additional Information

Documentation

Webpage

ESD Policy

https://rflambda.com/pdf/rflambda_esd_control.pdf

Heatsink Lookup Specifications

https://rflambda.com/search_heatsink.jsp

Connector Torque Specifications

https://www.rflambda.com/pdf/Torque_Specifications.pdf

Random Vibration Test Standard

https://www.rflambda.com/pdf/rflambda_random_vibration_MIL-STD-202G.pdf

Ordering Information

Part Number	Modification	Description
R70M02GSA-28V	Standard	0.7GHz-2.2GHz Low Noise Amplifier

Amplifier Use

Ensure that the amplifier input and output ports are safely terminated into a proper 50 ohm load before turning on the power. Never operate the amplifier without a load. A proper 50 ohm load is defined as a load with impedance less than 1.9:1 or return loss larger than 10dB relative to 50 Ohm within the specified operating band width.

Power Supply Requirements

Power supply must be able to provide adequate current for the amplifier. Power supply should be able to provide 1.5 times the typical current or 1.2 times the maximum current (whichever is greater).

In most cases, RF - Lambda amplifiers will withstand severe mismatches without damage. However, operation with poor loads is discouraged. If prolonged operation with poor or unknown loads is expected, an external device such as an isolator or circulator should be used to protect the amplifier.

Ensure that the power is off when connecting or disconnecting the input or output of the amp.

Prevent overdriving the amplifier. Do not exceed the recommended input power level.

Adequate heat-sinking required for RF amplifier modules. Please inquire.

Amplifiers do not contain Thermal protection, Reverse DC polarity or Over voltage protection with the exception of a few models. Please inquire.

Proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

What is not covered with warranty?

Each RF - Lambda amplifier will go through power and temperature stress testing.

Since the die, ICs or MMICs are fragile, these are not covered by warranty. Any damage to these will NOT be free to repair.

Important Notice

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